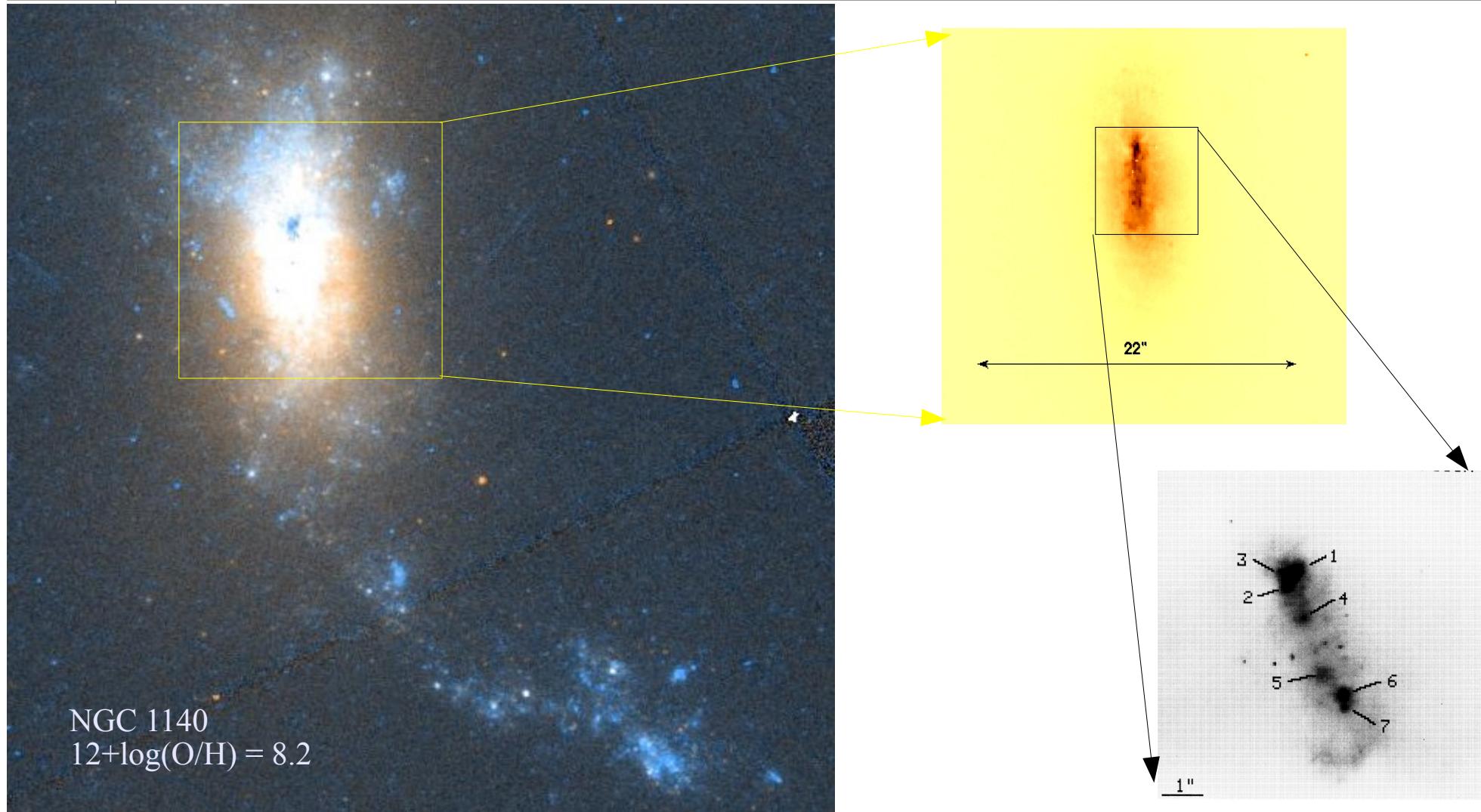


MODULO - Observing progress

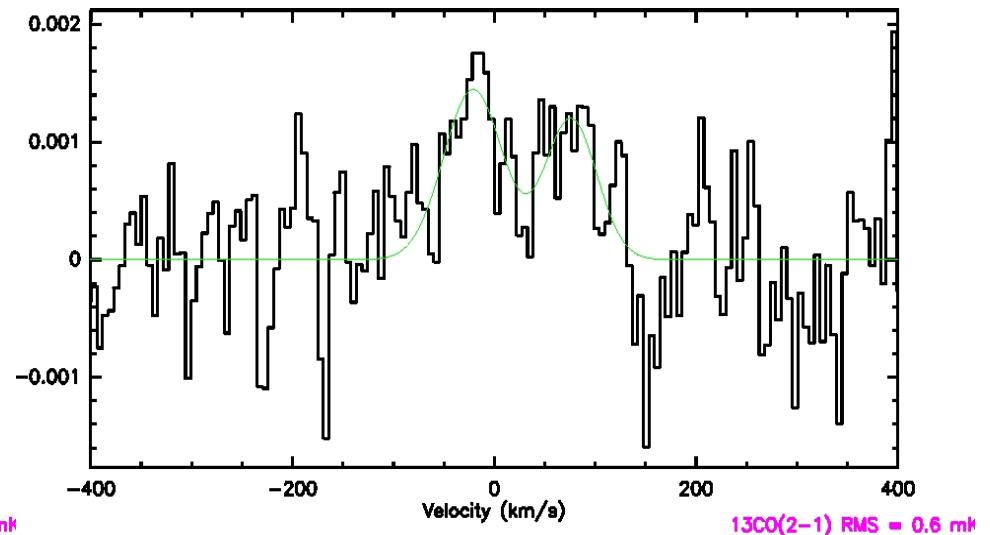
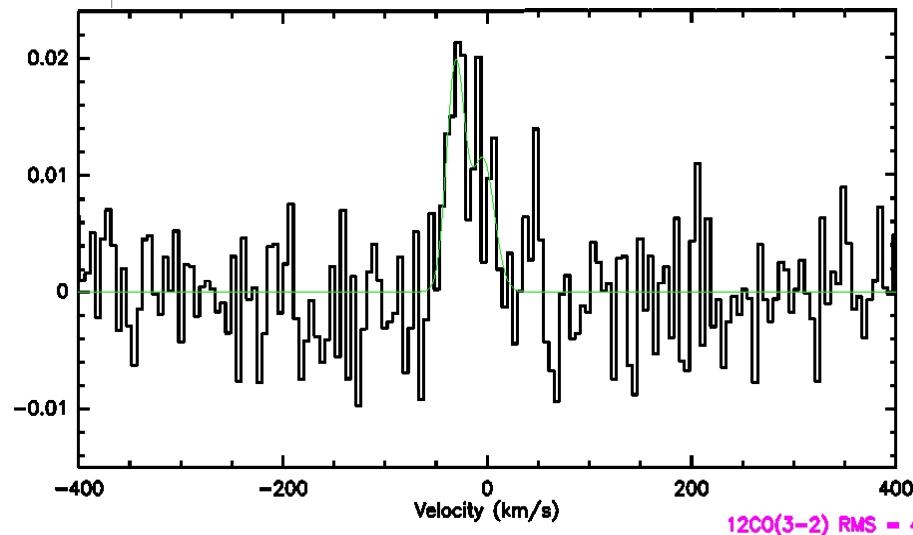
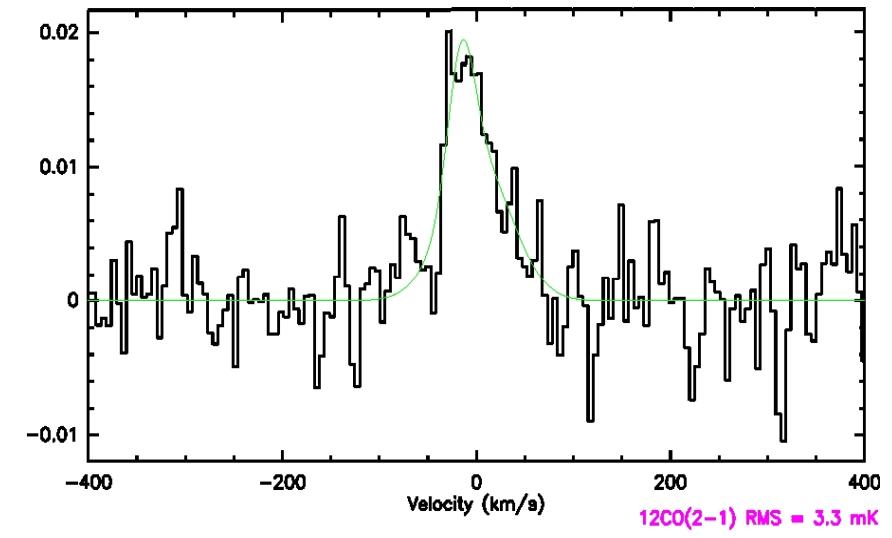
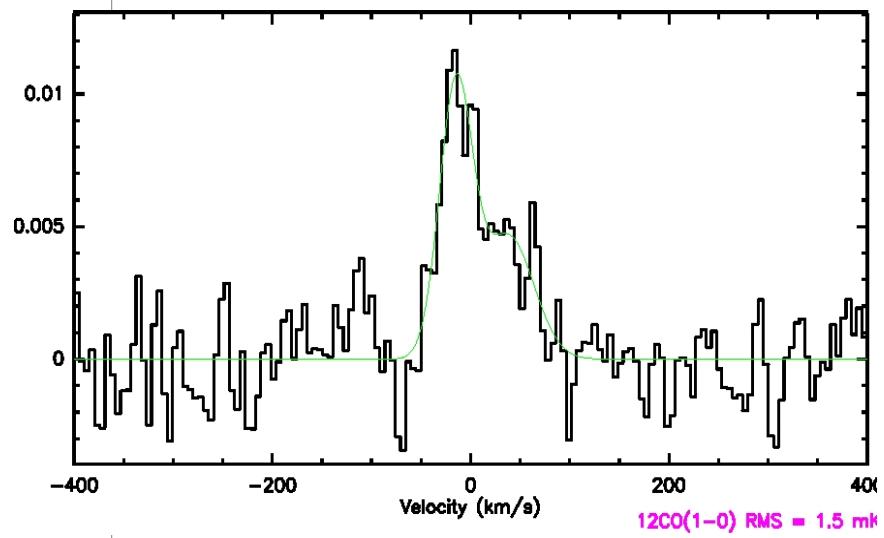
- NGC 1140: $39+55=94$ hrs IRAM and 15 hrs APEX time allocated (although lost a significant amount of IRAM time to bad weather). 9 transitions observed, although detections of only 4 CO transitions [but significant upper limits for $^{13}\text{CO}(1-0)$, HCN(1-0), CS(2-1), CN(1-0), $\text{C}^{18}\text{O}(1-0)$]. IRAM TAC refused HCO^+ !
- BCD equatorial sample: ~36 hrs $^{12}\text{CO}(1-0)$, $^{12}\text{CO}(2-1)$ + 32 hrs to do $^{12}\text{CO}(2-1)$, $^{12}\text{CO}(3-2)$ APEX (Swedish time). Period 87 reapplied for only $^{12}\text{CO}(3-2)$ (ESO, Swedish).
- BCD equatorial sample: additional IRAM time to make up for time lost to wobbler problem (very recently observed):

NGC 1140: First case study (-10°, fortunate for ALMA)

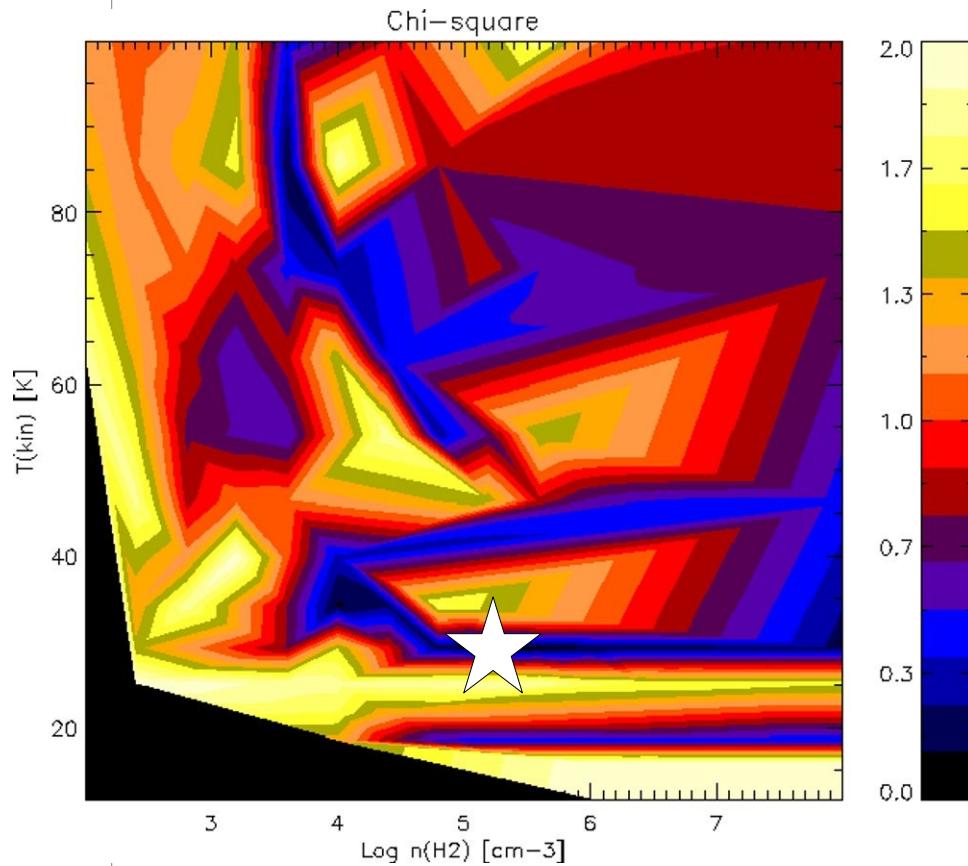


HII regions powered by SSCs containing ~4000 O4 stars (**assuming 18.2 Mpc distance**) (Hunter+ 1994a, de Grijs+ 2004): faintest of 6 clusters 3 x 30Doradus.

NGC 1140 CO detections



Physical conditions in NGC 1140 with Radex



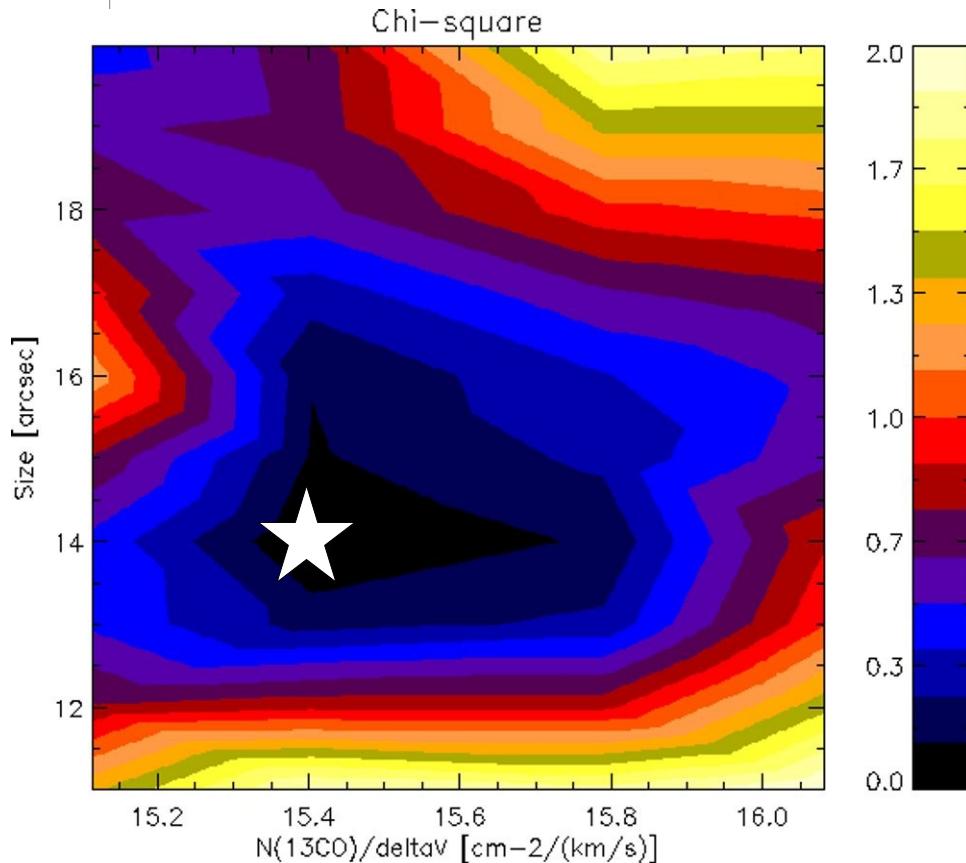
Using the 4 CO detections + 13CO(1-0) UL, predict 4 line ratios with Radex grid with:

$T_{\text{kin}} = 20 - 100 \text{ K}$
 $N(\text{CO}) = 10^{15} - 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
 $n(\text{H}_2) = 10^3 - 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 $^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C} = 25, 50, 100$
Source size = 1 – 20 arcsec

Best f_t gives

$n(\text{H}_2) \sim 10^{5.2} \text{ cm}^{-3}$,
 $T_{\text{kin}} \sim 29 \text{ K}$

Physical conditions in NGC 1140 with Radex, continued



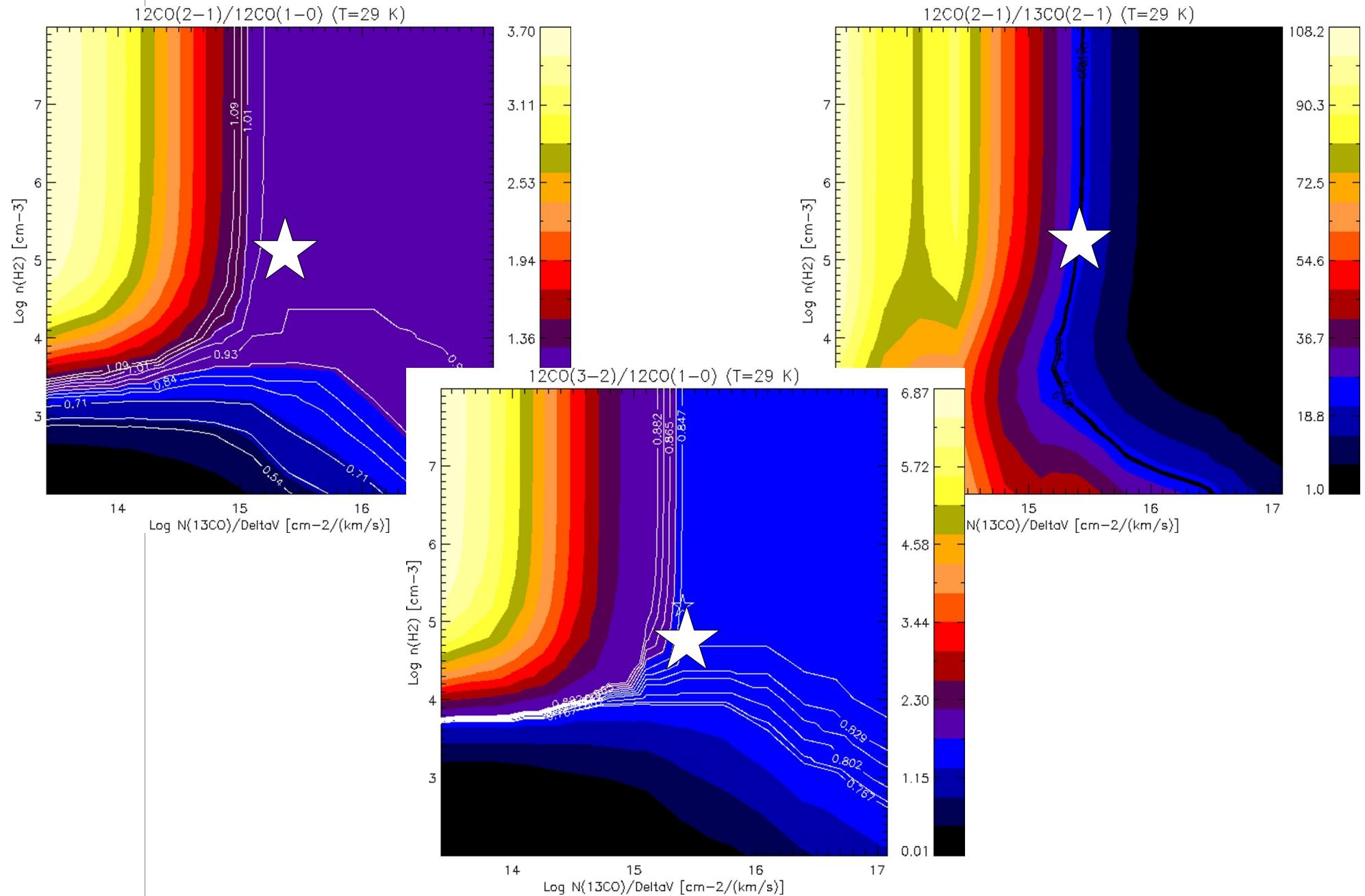
Using the 4 CO detections +
13CO(1-0) UL, predict 4 line
ratios with Radex grid with:

$T_{\text{kin}} = 20 - 100 \text{ K}$
 $N(\text{CO}) = 10^{15} - 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
 $n(\text{H}_2) = 10^3 - 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 $^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C} = 25, 50, 100$
Source size = 1 – 20 arcsec

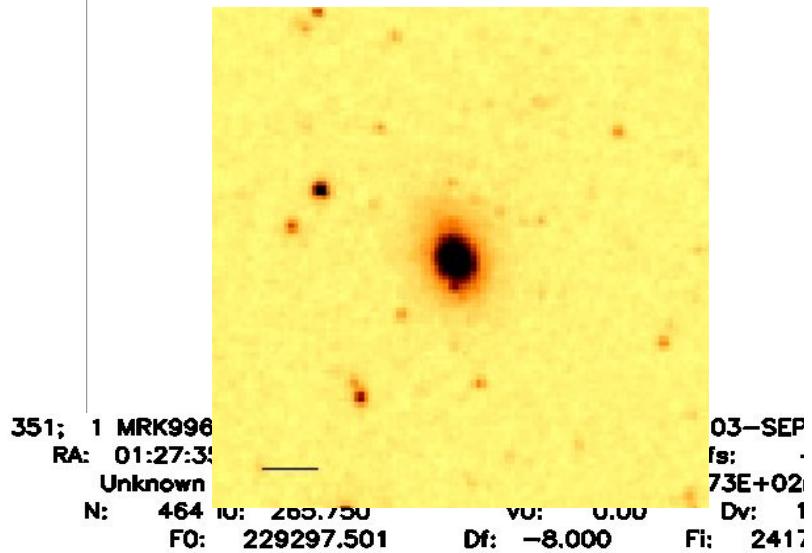
Best fit gives

Source size ~ 14 arcsec
 $N(^{12}\text{CO}) \sim 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-2}$,
assuming $V=40 \text{ km s}^{-1}$,
abundance $^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C} = 100$

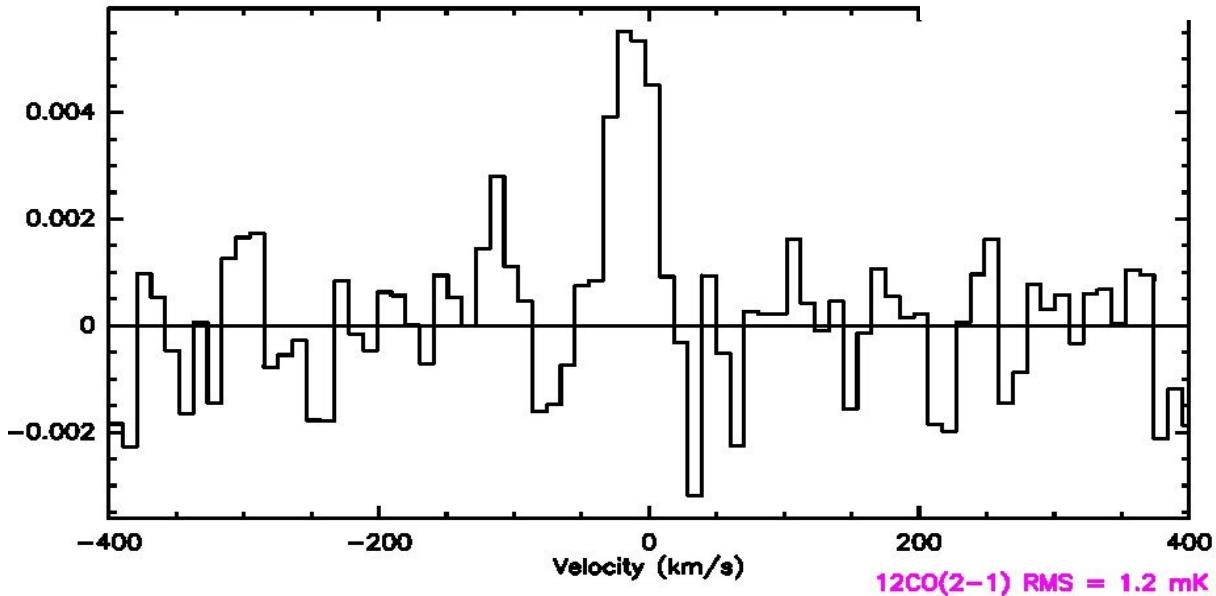
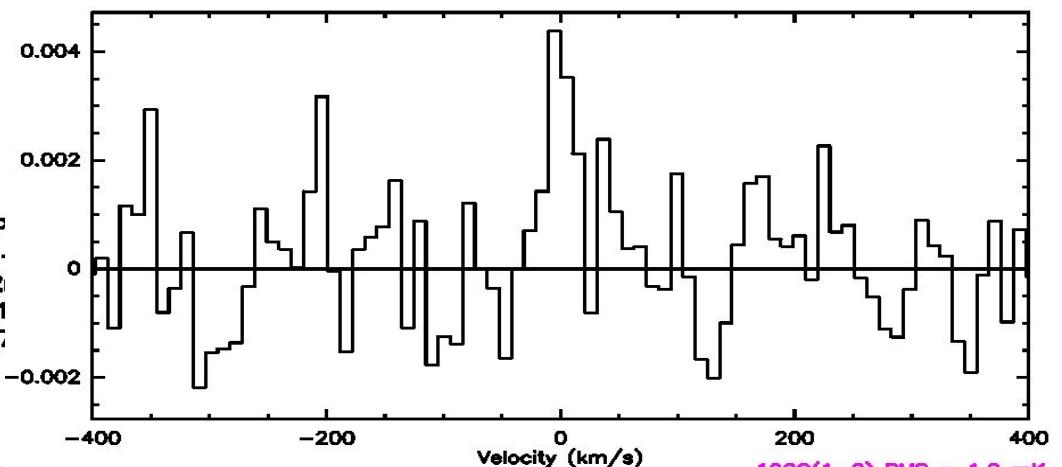
Physical conditions in NGC 1140 with Radex, continued



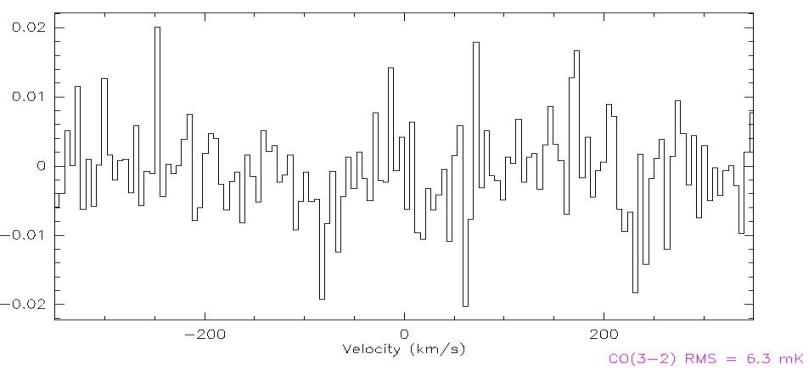
Equatorial BCD sample: Mrk996



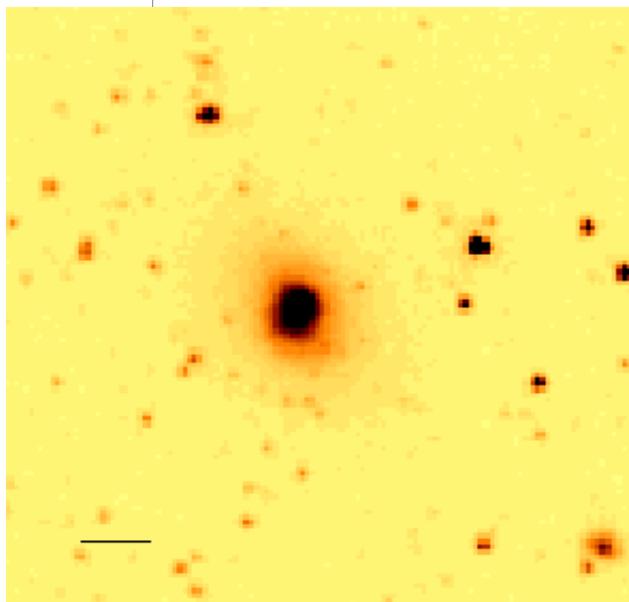
347; 1 MRK996 M996 CO10 30ME0VUO-W02 0:03-SEP-2010 R:03-SEP-2010
RA: 01:27:35.50 DEC: -06:19:36.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: +0.0 +0.0
Unknown tau: 0.331 Tsys: 533. Time: 1.14E+03min El: 45.3
N: 1008 IO: 565.500 VO: 0.00 Dv: 10.46 Hel.
FO: 114650.940 Df: -4.000 Fi: 95789.8717



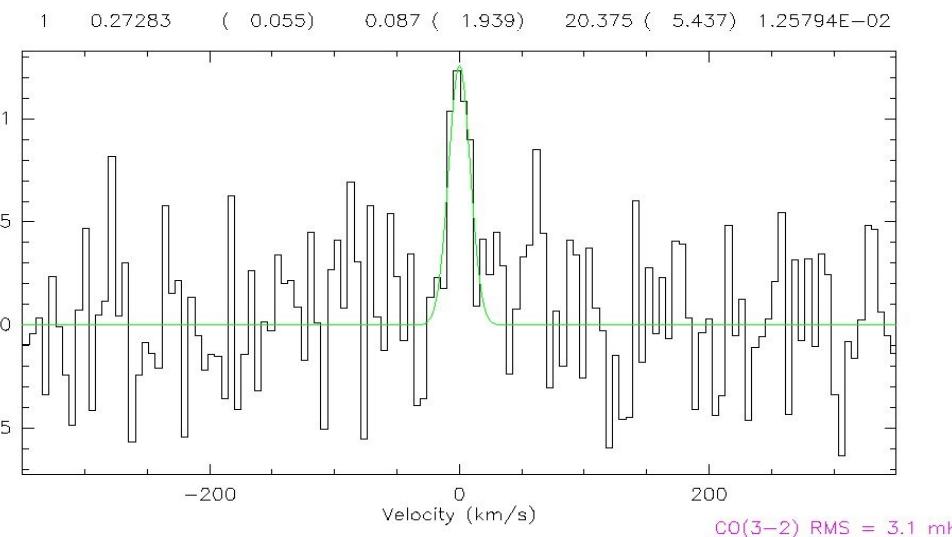
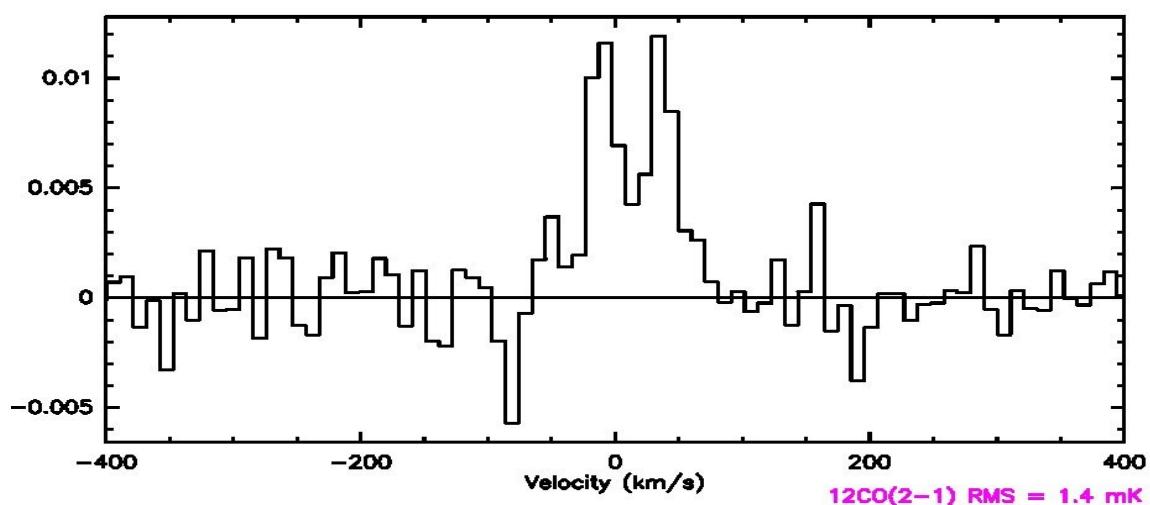
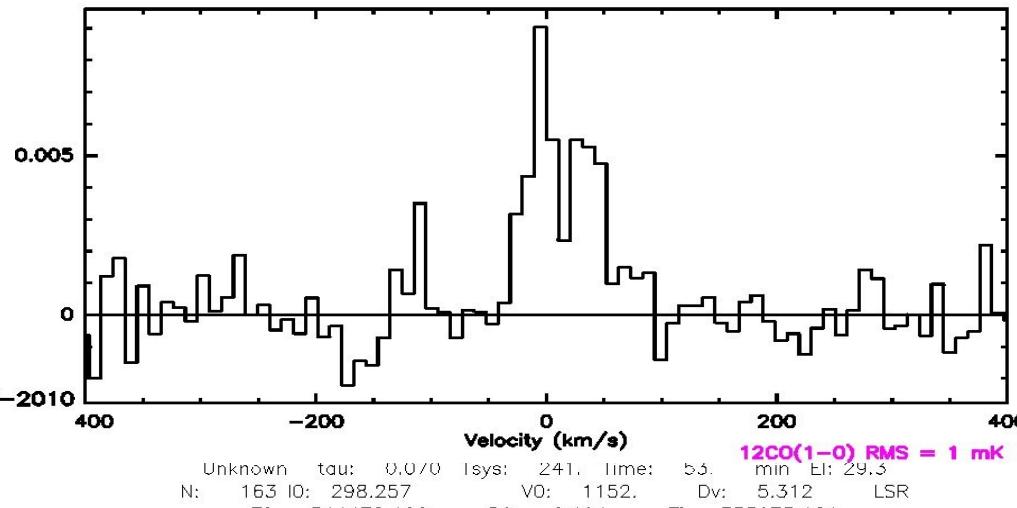
1; 3 MRK996 CO(3-2) AP-H301-F102 0:10-JUN-2010 R:05-SEP-2010
RA: 01:27:35.50 DEC: -06:19:36.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: +0.2 -0.4
Unknown tau: 0.154 Tsys: 288. Time: 21. min El: 37.5
N: 245 IO: 426.353 VO: 1622. Dv: 5.320 LSR
FO: 343935.313 Df: -6.104 Fi: 335592.285



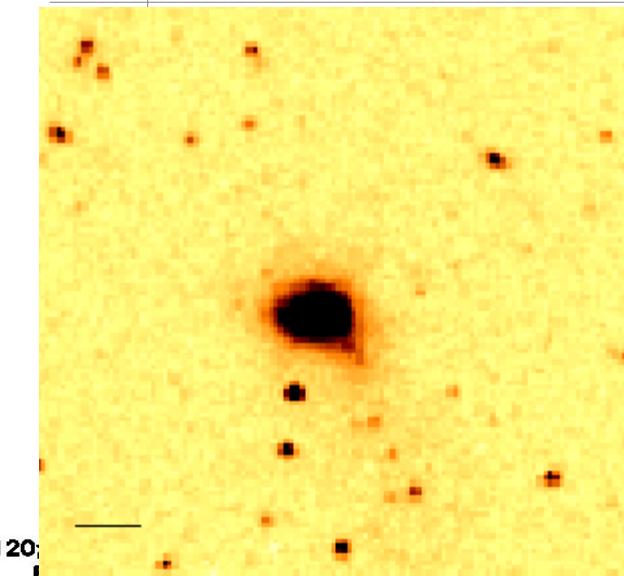
Equatorial BCD sample: Mrk 900 (NGC 7077)



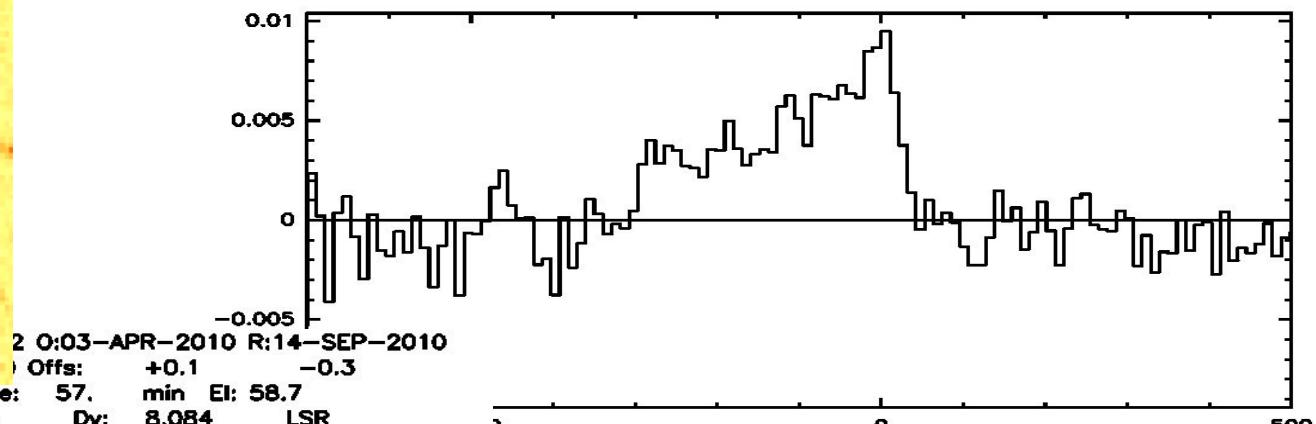
47; 1 MRK900 M900 CO10 30ME0VUO-W02 O:01-SEP-2010 R:01-SEP-2010
RA: 21:29:59.60 DEC: 02:24:51.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: +0.0 +0.0
Unknown tau: 0.352 Tsys: 557. Time: 1.17E+03min El: 53.8
N: 1006 IO: 565.500 VO: 0.00 Dv: 10.44 Hel.
FO: 114829.911 Df: -4.000 Fi: 95970.3587



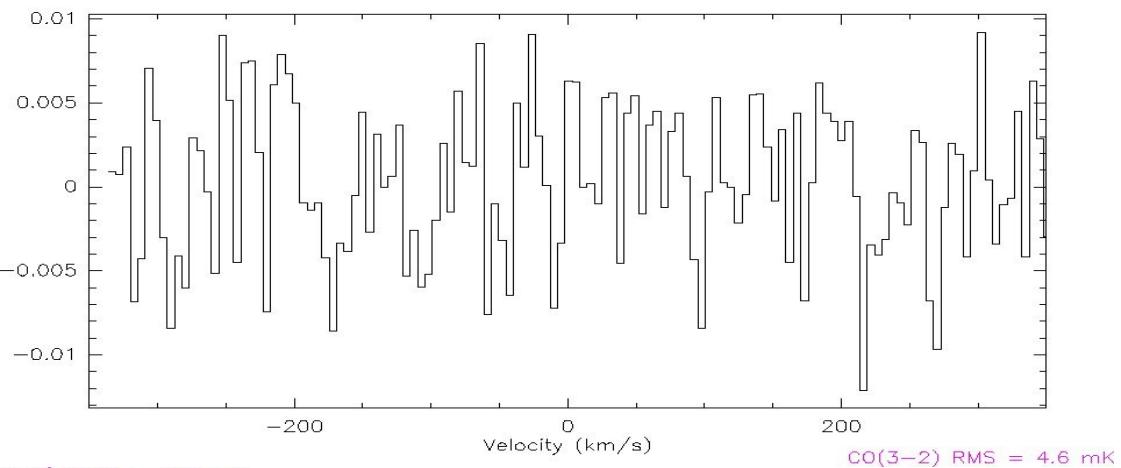
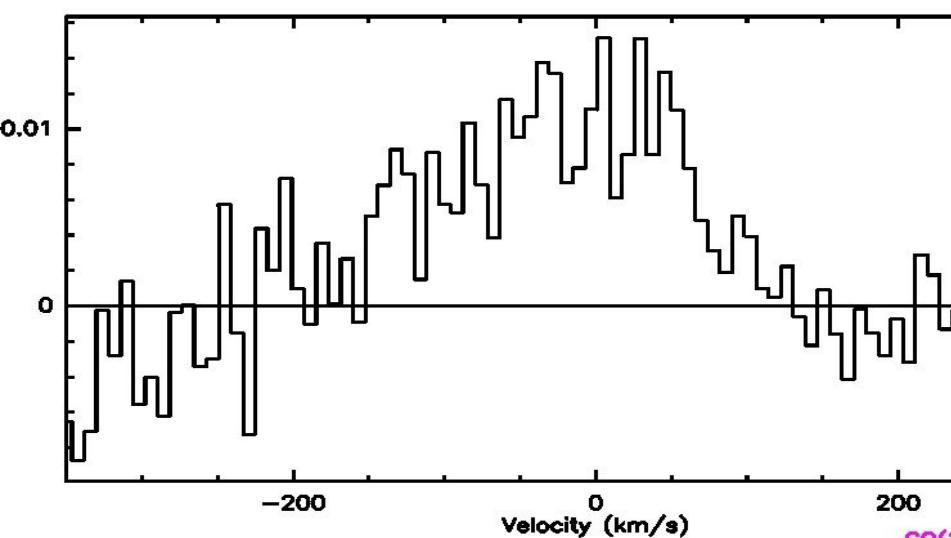
Equatorial BCD sample: UM 448



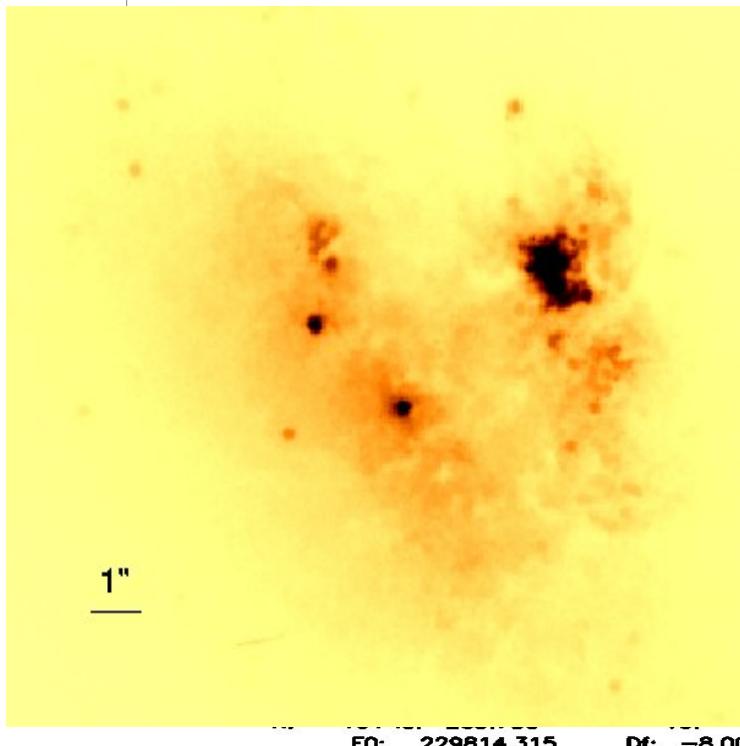
2827; 1 UM448 UM448 CO10 30ME0VUO-W02 0:06-SEP-2010 R:06-SEP-2010
RA: 11:42:12.40 DEC: 00:20:03.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: +0.0 +0.0
Unknown tau: 0.207 Tsys: 388. Time: 9.05E+02min EI: 49.9
N: 1006 IO: 565.500 VO: 0.00 Dv: 10.60 Hel.
FO: 113170.864 Df: -4.000 Fi: 94311.2329



1; 3 UM448 CO(3-2) AP-H301-F102 0:09-JUN-2010 R:05-SEP-2010
RA: 11:42:12.40 DEC: 00:20:03.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: -0.1 -0.4
Unknown tau: 0.109 Tsys: 248. Time: 33. min EI: 45.4
N: 163 IO: 1095.21 VO: 5564. Dv: 5.390 LSR
FO: 339495.313 Df: -6.104 Fi: 339870.608



Northern BCD sample: Haro 3



3; 2 HAR03 HAR03 CO10 30ME0VUO-W02 0:06-SEP-2010 R:14-SEP-2010
 RA: 10:45:22.40 DEC: 55:57:37.0 Eq 2000.0 Offs: +0.0 +0.0
 Unknown tau: 0.373 Tsys: 414. Time: 71. min El: 46.1
 N: 929 IO: 531.500 VO: 0.00 Dv: 10.44 Hel.
 FO: 114909.352 Df: -4.000 Fi: 96048.7231

