

# Glossary

## SOHO's Instruments

- CDS** Coronal Diagnostic Spectrometer  
**CELIAS** Charge, EElement and Isotope Analysis System  
**COSTEP** COmprehensive SupraThermal and Energetic Particle analyzer  
**EIT** Extreme ultraviolet Imaging Telescope  
**ERNE** Energetic and Relativistic Nuclei and Electron experiment  
**LASCO** Large Angle and Spectrometric COronagraph  
**MDI** Michelson Doppler Imager  
**SEM** Solar Extreme ultraviolet Monitor  
**SUMER** Solar Ultraviolet Measurements of Emited Radiation  
**SWAN** Solar Wind ANisotropies  
**UVCS** UltraViolet Coronagraph Spectrometer  
**VIRGO** Variability of solar IRradiance and Gravity Oscillations

## Other Instruments / Spacecraft

- ACE** Advanced Composition Explorer  
**EGS** EUV Grating Spectrograph  
**FUSE** Far-Ultraviolet Spectroscopic Explorer  
**SERTS** Solar EUV Research Telescope and Spectrograph  
**HRTS** High Resolution Telescope and Spectrograph (on HST)  
**HST** Hubble Space Telescope  
**ISS** International Space Station  
**IUE** International Ultraviolet Explorer  
**Pioneer** Series of spacecraft for study of the interplanetary and outer solar system  
**SNOE** Student Nitric Oxide Explorer

**SOLSTICE** SOLar-Stellar Irradiance Comparison Experiment (on UARS)

**SORCE** SOlar Radiation and Climate Experiment

**SPARTAN 201** Shuttle-launched and -retrieved satellite missions for coronal studies

**SUSIM** Solar Ultraviolet Spectral Irradiance Monitor (on UARS)

**TIMED** Thermosphere, Ionosphere, Mesosphere, Energetics and Dynamics mission

**TRACE** Transition Region And Coronal Explorer

**UARS** Upper Atmosphere Research Satellite

**Ulysses** Spacecraft for the study of the heliosphere, out-of-ecliptic orbit, passing over the solar poles

**Voyager** Twin spacecraft mission, studying the outer solar system

**WIND** Spacecraft for magnetospheric and ionospheric studies

**Yohkoh** Japanese for “sunbeam”, satellite that carried instruments for X-rays and gamma rays

## Institutions

**ESA** European Space Agency

**NASA** National Aeronautics and Space Agency (US)

**ISAS** Institute of Space and Astronautical Science (Japan)

**BIPM** Bureau International des Poids et Mesures

**NIST** National Institute of Standards and Technology (US)

**PTB** Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (Germany)

## Other

**SICWG** SOHO Inter-Calibration Working Group

**Cal-SO** Rocket underflights for SOHO cross-calibration

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## Wavelength Bands

Nomenclatures for wavelength bands are often rather arbitrary, not unambiguous, and certainly not consistent from author to author. The vacuum-ultraviolet (VUV) spectral region, for example, is often subdivided into a far ultraviolet (FUV) and an extreme ultraviolet (EUV) range. A possible and rather common classification is the following:

Name (Abbreviation)	Nominal Range
X-rays	0.1 nm – 10 nm (0.1 keV – 10 keV)
soft X-rays	0.3 nm – 10 nm (0.1 keV – 3 keV)
vacuum UV (VUV)	< 200 nm
ultraviolet (UV)	< 450 nm
visible	450 nm – 750 nm
near infrared (NIR)	750 nm – 2.5 $\mu$ m
far infrared (FIR)	2.5 $\mu$ m – 100 $\mu$ m
sub-millimetre (sub-mm)	100 $\mu$ m – 1 mm